

# Dolomitic Quicklime

## Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Issue date: 2022-11-04  
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 Version: 1.1

### SECTION 1: Identification

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture  
 Product name : Dolomitic Quicklime  
 Product code : Not available  
 Product type : Solid  
 Other means of identification : KEMIDOL Hydrate, Type N; Dolomitic Hydrated Agricultural Lime; SUPER LIMOID S Mason's Lime; MORTASEAL Autoclaved Masons Lime; IVORY Autoclaved Finish Lime; SNOWDRIFT Autoclaved Finish Lime; CANADIAN SNOWDRIFT Autoclaved Finish Lime; KEMIDOL Superhydrate; KEMIDOL Superhydrate; ALKA 240; Dolomitic Hydrated Spray Lime; Dolomitic Hydrated Lime, 10# bag; Dolomitic Hydrated Lime, 25# bag; DAP Dolomitic Hydrated Lime; BONDCRETE Mason's & Stucco Lime; SUPER LIMOID SA Mason's & Stucco Lime; GRAND PRIZE Hydrated Finish Lime; RED TOP Finish Lime; WESTERN MIRACLE Lime; WESTERN FINISHING Lime; WESTERN American Masonry; WESTERN LIMATE; WESTERN Mason's Lime

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Neutralization, flocculation, Flux and slag conditioner, Steelmaking, Absorption

#### 1.3. Supplier

##### Manufacturer

GRAYMONT  
 #200-10991 Shellbridge Way  
 Richmond, BC V6X 3C6 - Canada  
 T 1 604 207-4292; Toll free 1 866 207-4292 - F 1 604 207-9014  
<http://www.graymont.com/>

##### Distributor

Graymont Western US Inc  
 585 W Southridge Way  
 Sandy, Utah 84070 - United States  
 T +1 801-262-3942

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC 1 (800) 424-9300  
 CHEMTREC International +1 (703) 527-3887 24 hr

### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

##### GHS classification

Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2  
 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1  
 Carcinogenicity Category 1A  
 Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3  
 Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1

#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

##### GHS labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS) :



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Signal word (GHS)	: Danger
Hazard statements (GHS)	: Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause cancer (inhalation). Causes damage to organs (lungs) through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements (GHS)	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Reacts violently with water, generating heat which can ignite combustible material.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity

Not applicable

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Chemical name / Synonyms	Product identifier	%
Calcium oxide	Calcium oxide Lime / Quicklime / CALCIUM OXIDE / Quicklime (CaO) / Calcium oxide (CaO) / Lime (calcium oxide)	CAS-No.: 1305-78-8	50 – 75
Magnesium oxide (MgO)	Magnesium oxide (MgO) Calcined magnesite / Magnesium oxide / MAGNESIUM OXIDE / Magnesia	CAS-No.: 1309-48-4	50 – 75
Quartz	Quartz Quartz (SiO <sub>2</sub> ) / Silica, crystalline, quartz / Crystalline silica, quartz / .alpha.-Quartz / Silica, crystalline, .alpha.-quartz / QUARTZ / Crystalline silica in the form of quartz / Quartz, silica / Quartz (respirable fraction) / Silica dust / Silica, crystalline-.alpha.quartz / Silica, .alpha.-quartz / Silicon dioxide / Silica, quartz / Silica, crystalline / Quartz (crystalline silica) / Silica dust, crystalline / QUARTZ POWDER / Silica, crystalline (quartz)	CAS-No.: 14808-60-7	0.0001 – 1

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Comments : Crystalline silica has been found in some products at or above detection level 0.1%. Concentration is dependent upon limestone source.  
Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation. If a generic chemical name is shown and/or the CAS number is not disclosed, the specific chemical identity has been withheld as a trade secret.

### SECTION 4: First-aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
First-aid measures after inhalation : If inhaled and if breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.  
First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.  
First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.  
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.  
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.  
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.  
Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Symptoms may be delayed. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).

### SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

#### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical.  
Unsuitable extinguishing media : Halogenated extinguisher.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Not applicable.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Protection during firefighting : Keep upwind of fire. Wear full fire fighting turn-out gear (full Bunker gear) and respiratory protection (SCBA).

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### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Use personal protection recommended in Section 8. Isolate the hazard area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel.

##### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

##### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain spill, then place in a suitable container. Do not flush to sewer or allow to enter waterways. Use appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Methods for cleaning up : Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Provide ventilation.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust. Do not swallow. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Handle and open container with care. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid generating dust. The use of compressed air for cleaning clothing, equipment, etc, is not recommended. Good housekeeping is important to prevent accumulation of dust. Ensure adequate natural or mechanical ventilation in the form local or general exhaust ventilation is in use to ensure exposure is below established regulatory limits. If ventilation is not adequate, use respiratory protection in the form of a CSA/NIOSH-Approved Particulate Filtering Facepiece Respirators such as an N95 respirator or equivalent.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash hands after handling the product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep out of the reach of children. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store in dust-tight, dry, labelled containers. Avoid any dust buildup by frequent cleaning and suitable construction of the storage area.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

##### Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)

##### Canada (Alberta) - Occupational Exposure Limits

OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
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<b>Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)</b>	
<b>Canada (Quebec) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
VEMP (OEL TWA <sub>EV</sub> )	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (British Columbia) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Manitoba) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (New Brunswick) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Newfoundland and Labrador) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Nova Scotia) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Nunavut) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Northwest Territories) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Ontario) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Prince Edward Island) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Saskatchewan) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Canada (Yukon) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
OEL STEL	4 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Calcium oxide
ACGIH OEL TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2020
<b>USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Calcium oxide
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1

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<b>Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)</b>	
<b>Canada (Alberta) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
<b>Canada (Quebec) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable dust)
<b>Canada (British Columbia) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume, inhalable) 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust and fume)
OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust and fume)
<b>Canada (Manitoba) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
<b>Canada (New Brunswick) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
<b>Canada (Newfoundland and Labrador) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
<b>Canada (Nova Scotia) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
<b>Canada (Nunavut) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
OEL STEL	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
<b>Canada (Northwest Territories) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
OEL STEL	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
<b>Canada (Ontario) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
<b>Canada (Prince Edward Island) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
<b>Canada (Saskatchewan) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
OEL STEL	20 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable fraction)
<b>Canada (Yukon) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume)
<b>USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
ACGIH OEL TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (inhalable particulate matter)
ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
<b>USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (fume, total particulate)

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<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>	
<b>Canada (Alberta) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica-Crystalline: Quartz
OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate)
Notations and remarks	Carcinogenicity A2
Regulatory reference	Alberta Regulation 191/2021
<b>Canada (Quebec) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica - Crystalline, Quartz
VEMP (OEL TWAEV)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
Notations and remarks	C2, EM
Regulatory reference	S-2.1, r. 13 - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety
<b>Canada (British Columbia) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz
OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable)
Notations and remarks	ACGIH Carcinogenicity category A2; IARC group 1 carcinogen
Regulatory reference	OHS Guidelines Part 5: Chemical Agents and Biological Agents (WorkSafe BC)
<b>Canada (Manitoba) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica crystalline - quartz
OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Notations and remarks	TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; lung cancer. Notations: A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023
<b>Canada (New Brunswick) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
<b>Canada (Newfoundland and Labrador) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica crystalline - quartz
OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Notations and remarks	TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; lung cancer. Notations: A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023
<b>Canada (Nova Scotia) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica crystalline - quartz
OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Notations and remarks	TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; lung cancer. Notations: A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023
<b>Canada (Nunavut) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica - Crystalline: Quartz
OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Trydimite removed-respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline))
Notations and remarks	Designated substance
Regulatory reference	Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, Nu Reg 003-2016 (Amendment R-044-2021)

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According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>	
<b>Canada (Northwest Territories) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica - Crystalline: Quartz
OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Trydinite removed-respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline))
Notations and remarks	Designated substance
Regulatory reference	Occupation Health and Safety Regulations R-039-2015 (R-013-2020)
<b>Canada (Ontario) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica, Crystalline - Quartz
OEL TWA	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (designated substances regulation-respirable fraction (Silica, crystalline))
Regulatory reference	Ontario Occupational Exposure Limits under Regulation 833
<b>Canada (Prince Edward Island) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica crystalline - quartz
OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Notations and remarks	TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; lung cancer. Notations: A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen)
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023
<b>Canada (Saskatchewan) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica - Crystalline: Quartz
OEL TWA	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Trydinite removed-respirable fraction (Silica - crystalline (Trydinite removed)))
Notations and remarks	Designated Chemical Substance
Regulatory reference	The Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 2020. Chapter S-15.1 Reg 10
<b>Canada (Yukon) - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
OEL TWA	300 particle/mL (Silica - Quartz, crystalline)
<b>USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Silica crystalline - quartz
ACGIH OEL TWA	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable particulate matter)
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Pulm fibrosis; lung cancer. Notations: A2 (Suspected Human Carcinogen)
ACGIH chemical category	Suspected Human Carcinogen
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2023
<b>USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits</b>	
Local name	Quartz (Total Dust) (Silica: Crystalline)
OSHA PEL TWA [1]	50 µg/m <sup>3</sup> (Respirable crystalline silica)
Remark (OSHA)	Table Z-3. For OSHA PEL (TWA) use formula: (30 mg/m <sup>3</sup> / (%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2)) for mg/m <sup>3</sup> . CAS No. source: eCFR Table Z-1.
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-3 Mineral Dusts

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

- Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.
- Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.



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### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Hand protection:

Wear suitable gloves resistant to chemical penetration

#### Eye protection:

If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield.

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

#### Other information:

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: Crystalline.
Colour	: White
Odour	: Sweet Soil
Odour threshold	: No data available
pH	: 11.7 saturated solution at 25°C (77 °F)
Melting point	: 2400 °C (4352°F)
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 2850 – 3600 °C (5162 to 6512°F)
Flash point	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: No data available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: Not applicable
Relative density	: 3.5 – 3.6
Solubility	: Water: 1000 mg/kg at 20°C (68 °F)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	: Not applicable
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not applicable
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: Not applicable
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive limits	: Not applicable
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available

### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

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### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with water to form Calcium magnesium hydroxide xide. The heat generated when mixed with water or moist air is sufficient to ignite surrounding materials such as paper, wood or cloth.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Exothermic reaction with water.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

oxidizing materials. Strong acids. Moisture. Reactive materials. Powdered metals. Acid anhydrides. organic nitro-compounds.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified.  
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified.  
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 425 (Acute Oral Toxicity: Up-and-Down Procedure)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), Guideline: EU Method B.3 (Acute Toxicity (Dermal))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: other:US Federal Register 38: 187, Part 1500, Section 41, 1973.
LC50 inhalation rat	> 6.04 mg/l/4h

Magnesium oxide (MgO) (1309-48-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3870 mg/kg
ATE CA (oral)	3870 mg/kg bodyweight

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.  
pH: 11.7 saturated solution at 25°C (77 °F)

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.  
pH: 11.7 saturated solution at 25°C (77 °F)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer if inhaled. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans

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Quartz (14808-60-7)	
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified.  
STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	300 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 422 (Combined Repeated Dose Toxicity Study with the Reproduction / Developmental Toxicity Screening Test)
NOAEC (inhalation, rat, dust/mist/fume, 90 days)	0.413 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 412 (Subacute Inhalation Toxicity: 28-Day Study)

Quartz (14808-60-7)	
STOT-repeated exposure	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified.

Dolomitic Quicklime	
Viscosity, kinematic	Not applicable

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.  
Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation. Symptoms may include redness, drying, defatting and cracking of the skin. May cause burns in the presence of moisture. Skin contact during hydration may slowly develop sufficient heat that may cause severe burns possibly resulting in permanent injury. Do not allow product to harden around any body part or allow continuous, prolonged contact with skin. Handling can cause dry skin.  
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include discomfort or pain, excess blinking and tear production, with marked redness and swelling of the conjunctiva. May cause burns.  
Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May be harmful if swallowed. May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.  
Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
Other information : Likely routes of exposure: ingestion, inhalation, skin and eye.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1070 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cyprinus carpio [static])
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	49.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna
NOEC (chronic)	32 mg/l Test organisms (species): Crangon septemspinosa Duration: '14 d'
NOEC chronic fish	100 mg/l Test organisms (species): other:Tilapia nilotica Duration: '46 d'

# Dolomitic Quicklime

## Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Dolomitic Quicklime	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Dolomitic Quicklime	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Not applicable
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Calcium oxide (1305-78-8)	
BCF - Fish [1]	(no bioaccumulation)

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : No other effects known.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Disposal methods

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT / TDG / IMDG / IATA

### 14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : Not applicable  
UN-No. (TDG) : Not applicable  
UN-No. (IMDG) : Not applicable  
UN-No. (IATA) : 1910

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not applicable  
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : Not applicable  
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : Not applicable  
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Calcium oxide

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

**DOT**  
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not applicable

**TDG**  
Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not applicable

# Dolomitic Quicklime

## Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

### IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not applicable

### IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 8

Danger labels (IATA) : 8



### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : Not applicable

Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

Packing group (IMDG) : Not applicable

Packing group (IATA) : III

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

### DOT

No data available

### TDG

No data available

### IMDG

No data available

### IATA

No data available

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory.

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List) and NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List) inventories.

### 15.2. International regulations


No additional information available

# Dolomitic Quicklime

## Safety Data Sheet

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

### 15.3. US State regulations

 **WARNING:** This product can expose you to Silica, respirable crystalline, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Component	State or local regulations
Calcium oxide(1305-78-8)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
Magnesium oxide (MgO)(1309-48-4)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
Quartz(14808-60-7)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List

### SECTION 16: Other information

According to the Hazard Communication Standard (CFR29 1910.1200) HazCom 2012 and the Hazardous Products Regulations (HPR) WHMIS 2015

Revision date : 2023-11-20  
Other information : None.  
Prepared by : Nexreg Compliance Inc.  
[www.Nexreg.com](http://www.Nexreg.com)



Full text of H-statements	
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity – Repeated exposure, Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

#### Indication of changes:

Handling & storage

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